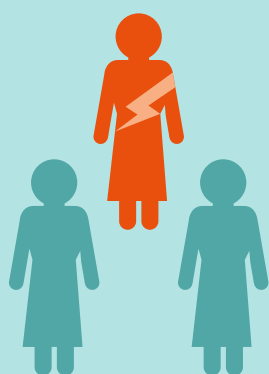


WHY COLLECTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE DATA IS VITAL TO END VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS



Did you know that 1 in 3 women globally will experience some form of physical or sexual violence in their lifetime?



1/3
women

To end violence against women (VAW) once and for all we need to know as much about the situation as possible because when we have more information, we can see how the picture needs to change.

That's why collecting and using data is one of our most important tools for ending violence against women.

Download the [Global Technical Guidance](#),
Write to UN Women's global VAW data and research team at:

What is VAW administrative data and why is it important?

VAW administrative data is recorded when survivors of violence reach out to support hotlines, health services, police, shelters or other specialist services; during investigations and court proceedings; and in reports about the resources (financial and human) that are dedicated to preventing and responding to violence.

VAW administrative data can:

- ✓ tell us who is seeking and receiving services, and who isn't, so we can work to ensure we leave no one behind;
- ✓ show us where services and programs are working well, and where we need to do better and allocate greater resources; and
- ✓ by identifying the gaps, it can help us create better laws, policies and programmes to support survivors, hold perpetrators to account, and prevent violence in the first place.

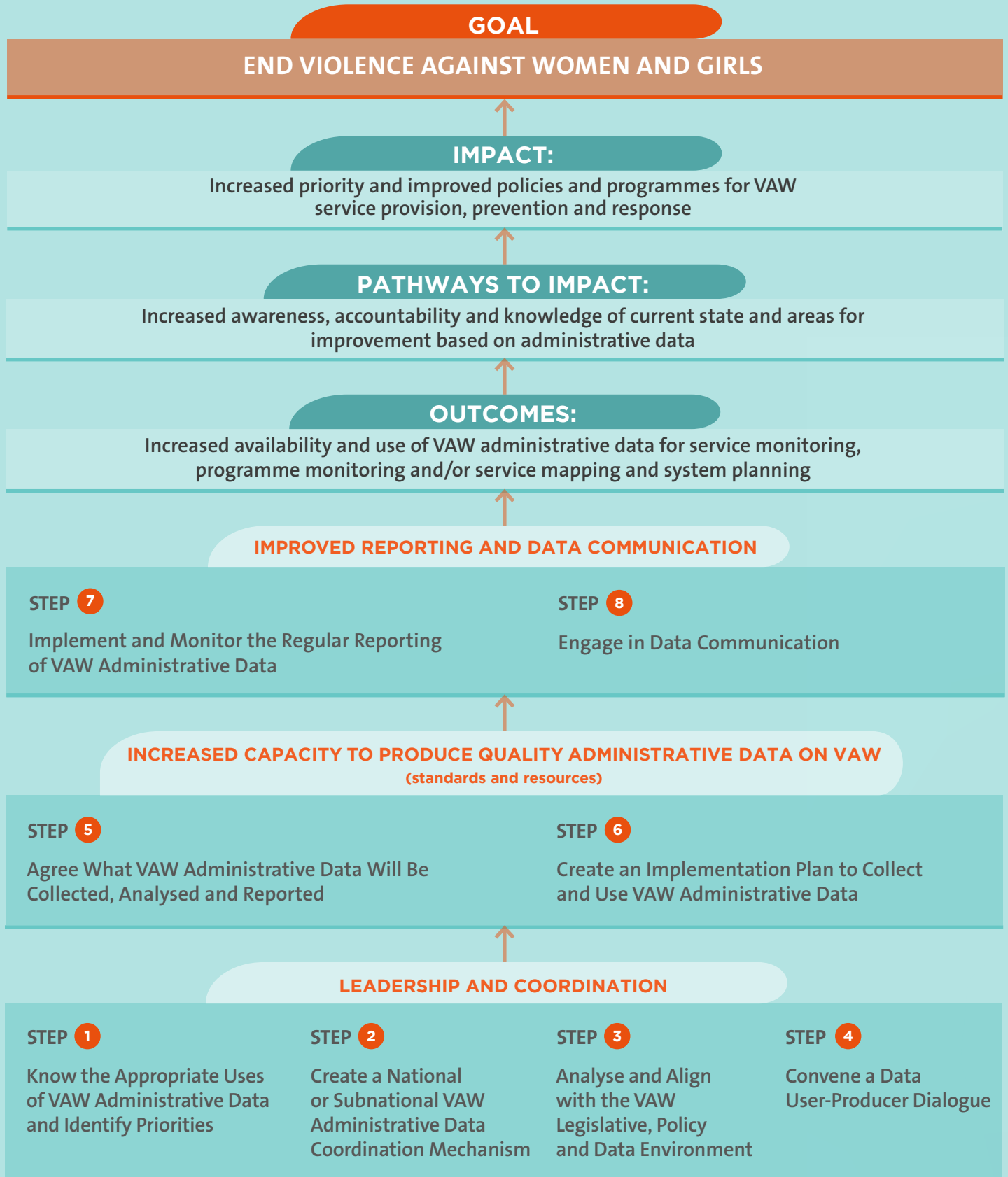


This is why UN Women and WHO have developed a [Global Technical Guidance](#) to help policymakers, national statistics offices, and government and civil society programme managers collect and use administrative data more effectively.

The guidance identifies steps to support data collection if none exists, and to improve existing data collection, analysis and reporting. Improvements do not necessarily require the establishment of a new data system.

HOW ADMINISTRATIVE DATA CONTRIBUTE TO ENDING VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND GIRLS

A Theory of Change supported by the 8 Steps of the Global Technical Guidance¹



¹ United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women) and World Health Organization (WHO). 2022. Improving the collection and use of administrative data on violence against women: global technical guidance. New York: UN Women.